



TAQUANTA STABLE INCOME FR FUND

Class R4

Taquanta

Minimum Disclosure Document - 31 July 2025

FUND DETAILS

The Taquanta Stable Income FR Fund aims to generate higher levels of interest income than a Money Market portfolio, with little capital volatility over the short term. The portfolio is able to invest in a select combination of securities including assets in liquid form and securities, such as money market instruments and other interest-bearing securities.

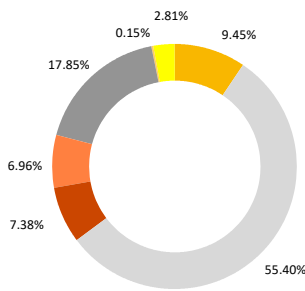
FUND OBJECTIVE

The Taquanta Stable Income FR Fund is an Interest Bearing - Short Term portfolio. The objective of the portfolio is to generate higher levels of interest income than a money market portfolio, with little capital volatility over the short term. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this investment policy, the investments of the portfolio will be subject to the manner in which the limits and conditions subject to which securities or classes of securities may be included in a portfolio of a collective investment scheme in securities determined in legislation as amended from time to time.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The portfolio will actively buy and sell securities to achieve the best possible return from short maturity assets, with as little capital volatility as possible. The portfolio will adhere to the exposure limits of the Interest Bearing - Short Term category and will be managed in such a manner as to comply with prudential requirements as per regulations to the Pension Funds Acts, 24 (Act 24 of 1956).

ASSET ALLOCATION



- Cash & deposit
- CLN
- Commercial Paper
- Floating Rate Bonds
- Floating Rate Note
- Step-Rate Note
- T-Bill

INFORMATION & DISCLOSURES

Income Distribution Frequency: Monthly
 Income Distribution Cents per Unit (CPU): July 2025 (6.56)
 Portfolio Valuation Time: 17H00 daily
 Transaction Cut-Off Time: 14H00 daily

PORTFOLIO INCOME DISTRIBUTION HISTORY (CPU)

| | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 2019 | | | | | | | | | | 0.28 | 0.56 | 0.61 |
| 2020 | 0.62 | 0.59 | 0.60 | 0.37 | 0.35 | 0.29 | 0.28 | 0.29 | 0.32 | 1.84 | 3.45 | 4.59 |
| 2021 | 4.81 | 4.17 | 5.23 | 5.10 | 5.31 | 5.28 | 5.41 | 5.60 | 5.46 | 5.62 | 5.68 | 6.37 |
| 2022 | 6.35 | 5.49 | 6.11 | 6.07 | 6.26 | 5.75 | 5.75 | 7.00 | 7.20 | 8.24 | 8.70 | 8.81 |
| 2023 | 9.00 | 6.52 | 7.62 | 6.75 | 8.13 | 7.04 | 7.31 | 9.12 | 7.37 | 8.07 | 7.58 | 7.00 |
| 2024 | 7.93 | 9.77 | 5.05 | 8.45 | 7.29 | 6.72 | 7.85 | 7.19 | 8.60 | 8.27 | 6.54 | 7.07 |
| 2025 | 6.77 | 8.06 | 8.80 | 6.25 | 6.60 | 6.48 | 6.56 | | | | | |

March 2024 distribution CPU is a proportionate combined figure for the R4 Class (effective to 21 March 2024), & R1 Class (effective from 22 March 2024)

FUND INFORMATION

Risk Profile



Portfolio Manager: Taquanta Asset Managers(Pty) Ltd
 Fund Size (in Millions): R 4,067.76
 Fund Benchmark/Hurdle: Alexander Forbes STeFI Call Index
 ASISA Classification: South African - Interest Bearing - Short Term
 Currency: ZAR
 Units in Issue: 405,132,309.17
 Unit Price (NAV per Unit)³: R 10.03
 Minimum Investment: R10 000 once off lump sum
 R500 per month contribution
 Inception Date: 15 October 2019
 Regulation 28 Compliant: Yes

NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO INVESTORS

| | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| 2019 | | | | | | | | | | 0.28% | 0.56% | 0.61% | 1.46% |
| 2020 | 0.62% | 0.59% | 0.60% | 0.37% | 0.35% | 0.29% | 0.28% | 0.29% | 0.32% | 0.32% | 0.38% | 0.52% | 5.04% |
| 2021 | 0.30% | 0.38% | 0.50% | 0.48% | 0.51% | 0.48% | 0.49% | 0.53% | 0.48% | 0.52% | 0.50% | 0.57% | 5.90% |
| 2022 | 0.57% | 0.49% | 0.54% | 0.55% | 0.54% | 0.55% | 0.52% | 0.62% | 0.55% | 0.77% | 0.72% | 0.73% | 7.40% |
| 2023 | 0.85% | 0.64% | 0.77% | 0.68% | 0.84% | 0.85% | 0.83% | 0.88% | 0.84% | 0.86% | 0.87% | 0.80% | 10.15% |
| 2024 | 0.94% | 0.76% | 0.68% | 0.86% | 0.83% | 0.79% | 1.06% | 0.55% | 0.87% | 0.87% | 0.78% | 0.80% | 10.25% |
| 2025 | 0.80% | 0.69% | 0.79% | 0.75% | 0.77% | 0.75% | 0.77% | | | | | | 5.44% |

The performance prior to 22 March 2024 is for class R1, with subsequent performance being for class R4.

STATISTICS AT July 2025

| | * FUND | ** BMK |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|
| 1 Year | 9.59% | 7.71% |
| Highest 12 month rolling return | 10.66% | 8.23% |
| Lowest 12 month rolling return | 4.38% | 3.50% |
| Since Inception (Annualised) | 7.83% | 5.92% |

* Taquanta Stable Income FR Fund - Class R1 (up to 22 March 2024) & Class R4 (post 22 March 2024)
Fund Source: Apex Fund and Corporate Services SA of July 2025

** Alexander Forbes STeFI Call Index Benchmark(s) Source: Bloomberg as at the last calendar day of July 2025

FEES

Service Fee (incl. VAT p.a.): 0.86%
 Cost Ratios (incl. VAT):
 * Total Expense Ratio (TER%)²: 0.88%
 * Transactions Costs Ratio (TC%): 0.00%
 * Total Investment Charges (TIC%)¹: 0.88%
 * Performance Fee (PF) Included in TER: 0.00%

¹ Total Investment Charges (TIC%) = TER (%) + TC (%). ² The Total Expense Ratio (TER%) of a portfolio, expressed as a percentage of the daily average value of the portfolio, is calculated over a period of usually a financial year and represents a measure of the portfolio's assets that were relinquished to meet portfolio operating costs, including charges, levies and fees. Typical expenses which are deducted from a portfolio include service charges, taxes, trustee fees and audit fees. ³ Unit prices are published daily on the Manager's website. Investor instructions received after 14:00pm shall be processed the following business day.

MARKET COMMENTARY

The South African rand ended July broadly unchanged, trading at 17.9825 against the U.S. dollar-its weakest level in over a month-as markets awaited the South African Reserve Bank's (SARB) policy decision. However, the currency came under sustained pressure in the final week of the month, briefly breaching the 18.00/USD level for the first time since June 20. This volatility was largely driven by investor anxiety surrounding the August 1 deadline for new U.S. import tariffs and ongoing trade negotiations between South Africa and the United States

In a widely anticipated move, the SARB cut its benchmark interest rate by 25 basis points to 7.00% on July 31, marking the lowest policy rate since November 2022. The Monetary Policy Committee cited persistent global uncertainty and downside risks to domestic growth as key considerations. The rate cut was seen as a pre-emptive step to support an economy already grappling with weak consumer demand, soft business confidence, and mounting external pressures-including the potential imposition of U.S. tariffs on South African exports. Policymakers noted that while global trade tensions remain unresolved, monetary flexibility is essential to safeguard macroeconomic stability. A parallel development in inflation policy added a layer of complexity to the central bank's messaging. While headline inflation remained well contained to 3.0% in June from 2.8% in May-the SARB reiterated its long-term preference for a lower inflation target, a position echoed by Governor Lesetja Kganyago. The finance minister responded by stating that while progress is being made toward adjusting the target, such a shift should be approached cautiously and with a broad consensus. Market participants interpreted these comments as a positive signal for inflation discipline, contributing to a rally in government bonds and a moderation in longend yields.

The June inflation data showed modest upward pressure in several key categories. Price growth was driven by food and non-alcoholic beverages, alcohol and tobacco, healthcare, information and communication, and services such as accommodation and personal care. In contrast, inflation in housing, furnishings, and transport remained subdued. On a month-to-month basis, CPI rose 0.3%, slightly up from 0.2% in May. Core inflation eased marginally to 2.9%, its lowest reading since April 2021-suggesting underlying inflation remains well anchored, though external risks could quickly alter this trajectory.

International Developments

In the U.S., the Federal Reserve held its policy rate steady at 4.25%-4.50% for a fifth consecutive meeting. The decision revealed internal divisions, with two Trump-appointed governors dissenting in favor of a rate cut. The Fed noted that while inflation remains above target, labor market conditions are healthy, and economic activity is expanding at a moderate pace. The latest U.S. core CPI reading showed an annual increase of 2.9% in June, up slightly from 2.8% in May and just below consensus expectations. Notable upward contributions included shelter, healthcare, motor vehicle insurance, and household operations

Bilateral tensions between South Africa and the U.S. escalated further after the U.S. House Foreign Affairs Committee advanced the "U.S.-South Africa Bilateral Relations Review Act"-a bill seeking to re-evaluate diplomatic and economic ties with South Africa. The legislation cites South Africa's engagement with Russia and China, and its alleged support for Hamas, as grounds for potential sanctions against government officials. Although the bill still requires full congressional approval, its advancement highlights growing strain between Washington and Pretoria. Adding to the uncertainty, President Trump announced he may not attend the G20 summit in South Africa in November, citing dissatisfaction with the country's foreign policy stance.

Domestic Policy and Fiscal Updates

To stabilize key state-owned entities, the South African government approved R94.8 billion in guarantees for Transnet SOC Ltd. Of this, R48.6 billion will be used to cover debt redemptions over a five-year horizon, while R46.2 billion is earmarked to cushion the entity from potential credit rating downgrades. The move underscores the government's continued fiscal burden in propping up critical infrastructure operators, even as budget constraints tighten.

Meanwhile, the African Development Bank revised South Africa's 2025 GDP growth forecast downward to just 0.8%-a sharp cut from the previous 1.6% projection. The downgrade reflects the compounding effects of sluggish reform implementation, high unemployment, and vulnerability to external shocks, particularly those emanating from U.S. trade policy shifts. The report emphasized that without meaningful structural reforms, especially in logistics, energy, and regulatory efficiency, the economy is likely to remain trapped in a low-growth cycle.

Please Note: The above commentary is based on reasonable assumptions and is not guaranteed to occur.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

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GLOSSARY

Net Asset Value (NAV): Means net asset value, which is the total market value of all assets in a portfolio including any income accruals and less and deductible expenses such as audit fees, brokerage and service fees.

Annualised Return: Is the weighted average compound growth rate over the performance period measured.

Highest & Lowest Return: The highest and lowest rolling twelve-month performance of the portfolio since inception.

Total Expense Ratio (TER): Reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's.

Transaction Costs (TC): Is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns.

Total Investment Charge (TIC): Should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager.

Total Investment Charges (TIC%): = TER (%) + TC (%): The Total Investment Charges (TIC), the TER + the TC, is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product. It should be noted that a TIC is the sum of two calculated ratios (TER+TC).

FUND RISK

Interest Rate Risk: The values of bonds and other debt securities are inversely proportional to the change in interest rates. Interest rate risk is generally greater for investments with longer maturities as well as when the market does not expect a change in the interest rates

Credit Default Risk: The risk that the government entity or company that issued the bond will run into financial difficulties and won't be able to pay the interest or repay the principal at maturity. Credit risk applies to debt investments such as bonds. The higher credit rating the less likely the possibility of the issuing company defaulting.

MANDATORY DISCLOSURE:

Collective Investment Schemes are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) may go down as well as up. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges, minimum fees, and maximum commissions, as well as detailed description of how performance fees are calculated and applied, is available on request from FundRock Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd ("the Manager"). The Manager does not provide any guarantee in respect to the capital or the return of the portfolio. Excessive withdrawals from the portfolio may place the portfolio under liquidity pressure and in such circumstances, a process of ring-fencing of withdrawal instructions and managed pay-outs over time may be followed. Commissions and incentives may be paid, and if so, are included in the overall costs. The Manager may close the portfolio to new investors in order to manage it efficiently according to its mandate. Prices are published daily on the Manager's website. Additional information, including Key Investor Information Document ("KIID"), Minimum Disclosure Document ("MDD"), as well as other information relating to the basis on which the Manager undertakes to repurchase participatory interests offered to it, and the basis on which selling and repurchase prices will be calculated, is available, free of charge, on request from the Manager. The value of an investment is dependent on numerous factors which may include, but not limited to, share price fluctuations, interest and exchange rates and other economic factors. The Manager ensures fair treatment of investors by not offering preferential fee or liquidity terms to any investor within the same strategy. The Manager is registered and approved by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority ("the Authority") under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act No. 45 of 2002 ("CISCA"). The Manager retains full legal responsibility for the portfolio.

The Financial Services Provider ("FSP"), Taquanta Asset Managers (Pty) Ltd, FSP No. 618, is authorised under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act 37 of 2002 to render investment management services. The annualized total return is the average return earned by an investment each year over a given time period, since the launch date of the portfolio. Actual annual figures are available from the Manager on request. The highest and lowest one (1) year returns represent the highest and lowest actual returns achieved during a 12-month rolling period year since the first launch date of the portfolio. The performance figures are the yields on a Net Asset Value ("NAV") basis. The yield figure is not a forecast. Performance is not guaranteed, and investors should not accept it as representing expected future performance. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, time of entry/actual investment date, date of reinvestment, and dividends withholding tax. Performance is calculated for a lump sum investment on a NAV. The performance figures are reported net of fees with income reinvested. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. Transaction Costs are a necessary cost in administering the financial product and impacts financial product returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of financial product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees.

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