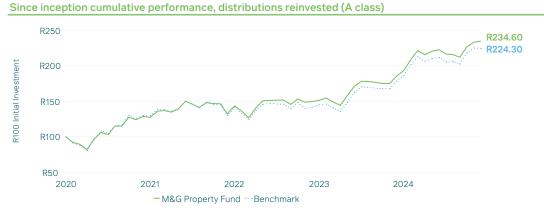


# **M&G Property Fund**

June 2025

99.2%

0.8%



Annualised performance	A class	Benchmark	D class
1 year	26.7%	25.9%	27.1%
2 years	25.3%	25.9%	25.5%
3 years	21.0%	20.0%	21.4%
Since inception	18.9%	17.9%	-

Returns since inception <sup>1</sup>	A class	Date
Highest annualised return	64.4%	31 Oct 2021
Lowest annualised return	-7.4%	30 Sep 2022

### Top 10 holdings as at 30 Jun 2025

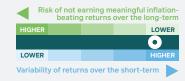
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1.	NEPI Rockcastle NV	16.5%
2.	Growthpoint Properties Ltd	12.8%
3.	Redefine Properties Ltd	9.1%
4.	Fortress Real Estate Investments Ltd B	8.8%
5.	Hyprop Investments Ltd	8.1%
6.	Vukile Property Fund Ltd	8.1%
7.	Sirius Real Estate Ltd	7.8%
8.	MAS Plc	6.5%
9.	SA Corporate Real Estate Ltd	4.3%
10.	Burstone Group Limited	3.3%

Risk measures	A class	Benchmark
Monthly volatility (annualised)	19.1%	19.9%
Maximum drawdown over any period	-18.1%	-19.3%
% of positive rolling 12 months	95.8%	85.4%
Information ratio	0.4	n/a
Sortino ratio	1.7	1.4
Sharpe ratio	0.8	0.7

# Asset allocation as at 30 Jun 2025



# Risk profile



# **Fund facts**

# Fund objective

The Fund seeks to maximise long-term growth from investing in South African listed property markets.

# Investor profile

Investors who seek exposure to South African listed property as part of a diversified portfolio. Alternatively, investors looking for a growing income stream but who are willing to be exposed to capital volatility. The recommended investment horizon is 5 years or longer

# Investment mandate

The Fund is an actively managed portfolio investing primarily in South African listed property instruments and assets in liquid form. The Fund may invest in other collective investment schemes and in financial derivative instruments. No direct investment in physical property may be made.

# **Fund managers**

Yusuf Mowlana Rahgib Davids

# **ASISA** category

South African - Real Estate - General

# Benchmark

FTSE/JSE All Property Index

# Inception date

9 July 2020

# Fund size

R1 089 010 477

Raging Bull: 2023, 2024

Investment options	A Class	D Class
Minimum lump sum investment	R10 000	R20 million
Minimum monthly debit order	R500 pm	n/a
Annual Management Fees (excl. VAT)	A Class	D Class
M&G	1.00%	0.70%
Expenses (incl. VAT)	A Class	D Class
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	1.20%	0.86%
Transaction Costs (TC) <sup>2</sup>	0.12%	0.12%
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	1.32%	0.98%

M&G Property Fund Sources: M&G and Morningstar

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  12-month rolling performance figure  $^2$  Where a transaction cost is not readily available, a reasonable best estimate has been used. Estimated transaction costs may include Bond, Money Market, and FX costs (where applicable).



# M&G

# **M&G Property Fund**

Property

June 2025

Income Distributions <sup>3</sup>	A Class	D Class
	Total 12m yield	Total 12m yield
30 June 2025	3.14 cpu 3.41%	3.28 cpu 3.67%
31 March 2025	0.13 cpu 4.66%	0.26 cpu 5.00%
31 December 2024	4.21 cpu 3.87%	4.41 cpu 4.13%
30 September 2024	0.00 cpu 4.24%	0.08 cpu 4.52%

# **Fund commentary**

The second quarter ended on a positive note with growing optimism around US trade deals, along with continuing anticipation that the US Federal Reserve (Fed) would be cutting rates by year-end. This helped spur a notable cross-asset rally. The Fed kept the fed funds rates unchanged at 4.25-4.50% at its June meeting, while the European Central Bank (ECB) cut rates by 25bps, taking the deposit rate down to 2%. Both moves were widely expected, as were the Bank of England's and Bank of Japan's decisions to leave short term rates unchanged. June was a positive month for stockmarkets around the world, with the US and some emerging markets particularly buoyant. Fixed income markets generally posted solid returns in June, with broad-based gains across sovereign and credit markets.

On the local front, easing trade tensions, a stronger rand against versus the US dollar and fiscal framework progress lifted markets. The SARB held rates steady at 7.25%, while CPI was unchanged at 2.8% y/y in May. SA listed property as measured by the FTSE/JSE All Property Index returned -0.2% in June, while the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global REIT Index (US\$) delivered 0.4%.

Among the top contributors to relative performance for the month were overweight positions in MAS Plc and Sirius Real Estate Ltd, and an underweight position in Equites Property Fund Ltd. Relative detractors included an underweight position in Hammerson Plc, and overweight positions in Burstone Group and Hyprop Investments.

Glossary	
12-month yield	A measure of the Fund's income distributions as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV). This is calculated by summing the income distributions over a rolling 12-month period, then dividing by the sum of the NAV at the end of the period and any capital gain distributed over the same period.
Annualised performance	The average amount of money (total return) earned by an investment each year over a given time period. For periods longer than one year, total returns are expressed as compounded average returns on a yearly basis.
Cumulative performance graph	This illustrates how an initial investment of R100 or N\$100 (for example) placed into the Fund would change over time, taking ongoing fees into account, with all distributions reinvested.
Income distribution	The dividend income and/or interest income that is generated by the underlying Fund investments and that is periodically declared and distributed to investors in the Fund after all annual service fees.
Information ratio	Measures the Fund's active return (Fund return in excess of the benchmark) divided by the amount of risk that the manager takes relative to the benchmark. The higher the information ratio, the higher the active return of the Fund, given the amount of risk taken and the more consistent the manager. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Maximum drawdown	The largest drop in the Fund's cumulative total return from peak to trough over any period.
Monthly volatility (annualised)	Also known as standard deviation. This measures the amount of variation or difference in the monthly returns on an investment. The larger the annualised monthly volatility, the more the monthly returns are likely to vary from the average monthly return (i.e. the more volatile the investment).
Percentage of positive rolling 12 months	The percentage of months, since inception, that the Fund has shown a positive return over a rolling 12-month period.
Sharpe ratio	The Sharpe ratio is used to measure how well the return of an asset compensates the investor for the risk taken. The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the Fund's historical risk-adjusted performance has been. This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the standard deviation of the Fund's returns. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Sortino ratio	This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the downside deviation of the Fund's returns i.e. the "bad" volatility. A high Sortino ratio indicates a low risk of large losses occurring in the Fund. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	This shows the charges, levies and fees relating to the management of the portfolio and is expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of the most recent completed quarter. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs.
Transaction Costs (TC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs, relating to the investment of the Fund. As fund returns are reported after deducting all fees and expenses, these costs (the TER, TC & TIC) should not be deducted from the fund returns.
Unit Classes	M&G's funds are offered in different unit classes to allow different types of investors (individuals and institutions) to invest in the same fund. Different investment minimums and fees apply to different unit classes.  A Class: for individuals only.  B & D Class: retirement funds and other large institutional investors only.  X Class: the special fee class that was made available to investors that were invested in the Dividend Income Feeder Fund.  T Class: for investors in tax-free unit trusts.  F Class: for Discretionary Fund Managers.

# Contact us

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0860 105 775

# Invest now

# Application forms

An electronic copy of this document is available at www.mandg.co.za

#### Disclaimer

MandG Investments Unit Trusts (South Africa) (RF) Ltd (Registration number: 1999/0524/06) is an approved CISCA management company (#29). Assets are managed by MandG Investment Managers (Pty) Ltd, which is an approved discretionary Financial Services Provider (#45199). The Trustee's/Custodian details are: Standard Bank of South Africa limited - Trustees Services & investor Services. 20th Floor, Main Tower, Standard Bank Centre, Heerengracht, Cape Town.

Collective Investment Schemes (unit trusts) are generally medium-to long-term investments. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future investment performance. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis. This means the price is the total net market value of all assets of the unit trust fund divided by the total number of units of the fund. Any market movements – for example in share prices, bond prices, money market prices or currency fluctuations – relevant to the underlying assets of the fund may cause the value of the underlying assets to go up or down. As a result, the price of your units may go up or down. Unit trusts are traded at the ruling forward price of the day, meaning that transactions are processed during the day before you or the Manager know what the price at the end of the day will be. The price and therefore the number of units involved in the transaction are only known on the following day. The unit trust fund may borrow up to 10% of the fund value, and it may also lend any scrip (proof of ownership of an investment instrument) that it holds to earn additional income. A M&G unit trust fund may consist of different fund classes that are subject to different fees and charges. Where applicable, the Manager will pay your financial adviser an agreed standard ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fess and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. As a result, the fund may be higher and the liquidity of the fund may be higher and the liquidity of the underlying securities may be restricted due to relative market sizes and market conditions. The fund's ability to settle securities may be adversely affected for multiple reasons including market conditions, macro-economic and political circumstances. Further, the return on the sec

M&G Property Fund Sources: M&G and Morningstar

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> If the income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds the total expenses, the Fund will make a distribution (cpu = cents per unit).