M&G Global Property Feeder Fund

Global Property ZAR-denominated

May 2025

Since inception cumulative performance, distributions reinvested (A class)



Annualised performance	A class	Benchmark	B class
1 year	2.6%	5.9%	2.7%
2 years	1.8%	3.2%	1.9%
3 years	2.6%	3.2%	2.8%
Since inception	0.0%	1.7%	-

Returns since inception ¹	A class	Date
Highest annualised return	23.5%	31 Dec 2023
Lowest annualised return	-22.3%	31 Dec 2022

Top holdings of the underlying fund as at 31 Mar 2025

1.	Equinix Inc	6.0%
2.	Welltower Inc	3.8%
З.	Iron Mountain Inc	3.8%
4.	Simon Property Group Inc	3.7%
5.	Prologis Inc	3.7%
6.	Safestore Holdings PLC	2.0%
7.	Public Storage	2.0%
8.	Centerspace	1.9%
9.	Japan Hotel REIT Investment Corp	1.9%
10.	NexPoint Residential Trust	1.9%

Risk measures	A class	Benchmark
Monthly volatility (annualised)	19.9%	18.2%
Maximum drawdown over any period	-23.9%	-20.3%
% of positive rolling 12 months	67.7%	77.4%
Information ratio	-0.4	n/a
Sortino ratio	-0.4	-0.2
Sharpe ratio	-0.3	-0.1

Investment options	A Class	B Class
Minimum lump sum investment	R10 000	R20 million
Minimum monthly debit order	R500 pm	n/a
Annual Management Fees (excl. VAT)	A Class	B Class
M&G ²	0.50%	0.20%
Expenses (incl. VAT)	A Class	B Class
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	1.63%	1.63%
Transaction Costs (TC) ³	0.29%	0.29%
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	1.92%	1.92%

Asset allocation as at 31 May 2025



Risk profile Risk of not earning meaningful inflation-beating returns over the long-term LOWER 0 LOWER Variability of returns over the short-term

Fund facts

Fund objective

To provide investors with capital growth over the long-term by investing in a diversified portfolio of global property securities.

Investor profile

Investors seeking long-term capital growth from a diversified portfolio of global property securities. The recommended investment horizon is 7 years or longer.

Investment mandate

The Fund is a feeder fund and, other than assets in liquid form and currency contracts, invests only in one underlying fund - the M&G Global Property Fund. Quantitative analysis of individual companies, proprietary data analysis and machine learning are used to identify securities for potential inclusion by the fund managers. Through this underlying fund, the Fund has exposure to a diversified portfolio of global property securities that may include REITs and equity securities of companies engaged in real estate activities. The underlying fund may invest in other collective investment schemes and financial derivative instruments

Investment manager of the underlying fund

M&G Investment Management Ltd (UK)

Fund managers of the

underlying fund

Gautam Samarth Michael Cook

ASISA category

Global - Real Estate - General

Benchmark FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global REITs Index (Net)

Inception date 24 November 2021

Fund size R1 967 533

¹12-month rolling performance figure ² Until the end of June 2025, the Manager will waive the management fee and will also pay the fund audit fee, which is usually paid by the fund.Additiona fund fees are dependent on the fund and are included in the TER onal underlying foreign

³ Where a transaction cost is not readily available, a reasonable best estimate has been used. Estimated transaction costs may include Bond, Money Market, and FX costs (where applicable).

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May 2025

Income Distributions ⁴	A Class	B Class
	Total 12m yield	Total 12m yield
31 December 2024	0.00 cpu 0.00%	0.00 cpu 0.00%
30 June 2024	0.00 cpu 0.00%	0.00 cpu 0.00%

Fund commentary

Following a volatile April, markets recovered in May, with volatility subsiding as concerns over global 'reciprocal tariffs' eased. Consequently, the US market was among the strongest performers, supported by delays in tariff implementation and a de-escalation of economic tensions between the US and China. US corporate earnings were notably robust, with realised earnings results nearly double analysts' expectations, driven in part by strong performance in the technology sector. Investor sentiment was further buoyed by sustained consumer confidence and a third consecutive month of declining inflation numbers. In the UK, the Bank of England cut its main interest rate by 25bps to 4.25%. Meanwhile, US President Trump and UK Prime Minister Keir Starmer reached a trade deal, the first since Trump announced his tariff plans. European markets also performed well during the month, with all major indices ending the month in positive territory. Anticipation of interest rate cuts by the European Central Bank (ECB) in early June, combined with lower energy prices and Germany's expansionary fiscal policy, contributed to significant investor optimism.

Asian markets were broadly positive, underpinned by strong economic data. However, China was an exception, with factory activity contracting unexpectedly and sentiment dampened by ongoing US-China tensions. Nevertheless, the US and China reached an agreement to temporarily cut reciprocal tariffs, with US tariffs on imports from China reduced to 30% from 145%, and Chinese tariffs on imports from the US cut to 10% from 125%. Japan reported a significant rebound in corporate capital expenditure, recovering from a modest decline in the previous quarter. The FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global REIT Index posted 2.7% in May. The rand strengthened 2.9% against the US dollar, 3.1% against the euro and 2.0% against the pound sterling.

A key attribute of portfolio construction within the fund is that active country, currency and industry exposures are constrained to ensure that style and idiosyncratic stock risk are the main drivers of active returns. Against a backdrop of partial macroeconomic stabilisation and improving sentiment, our style exposures contributed positively to performance, as risk-on characteristics were favoured. However, the majority of the outperformance during the month was attributable to stock selection. At the individual security level, the most significant contributor to active return was our position in Postal Realty Trust, an off-benchmark name which returned over 9% following an earnings announcement that exceeded analyst expectations. Redefine Properties also contributed positively, while our underweight exposure to Ventas proved beneficial as the company underperformed following a disappointing earnings outlook. Rand strength against the US dollar tempered performance in May.

Glossary

A measure of the Fund's income distributions as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV). This is calculated by summing the income distributions over a rolling 12-month period, then dividing by the sum of the NAV at the end of the period and any capital gain: distributed over the same period.
The average amount of money (total return) earned by an investment each year over a given time period. For periods longer than one year, total returns are expressed as compounded average returns on a yearly basis.
This illustrates how an initial investment of R100 or N\$100 (for example) placed into the Fund would change over time, taking ongoing fees into account, with all distributions reinvested.
The dividend income and/or interest income that is generated by the underlying Fund investments and that is periodically declared and distributed to investors in the Fund after all annual service fees.
The largest drop in the Fund's cumulative total return from peak to trough over any period.
Also known as standard deviation. This measures the amount of variation or difference in the monthly returns on an investment. The larger the annualised monthly volatility, the more the monthly returns are likely to vary from the average monthly return (i.e. the more volatile the investment).
This shows the charges, levies and fees relating to the management of the portfolio and is expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of the most recent completed quarter. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs.
The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.
The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs, relating to the investment of the Fund. As fund returns are reported after deducting all fees and expenses, these costs (the TER, TC & TIC) should not be deducted from the fund returns.
M&G's funds are offered in different unit classes to allow different types of investors (individuals and institutions) to invest in the same fund. Different investment minimums and fees apply to different unit classes. A class: for individuals only. B & D Class: retirement funds and other large institutional investors only. X Class: the special fee class that was made available to investors that were invested in the Dividend Income Feeder Fund. T Class: for investors in tax-free unit trusts.

If the income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds the total expenses, the Fund will make a distribution (cpu = cents per unit)

Contact us

- info@mandq.co.za
- mandg.co.za

0860 105 775

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Application forms

An electronic copy of this document is available at www.mandg.co.za

Disclaimer

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Collective Investment Schemes Collective Investment Schemes (unit trusts) are generally medium-to long-term investments. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future investment performance. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis. This means the price is the total net market value of all assets of the unit trust fund divided by the total number of units of the fund. Any market movements – for example in share prices, bond prices, money market prices or currency fluctuations – relevant to the underlying assets of the fund may cause the value of the underlying assets of the fund may go up or down. Unit trusts are traded at the ruling forward price of the day, meaning that transactions are processed during the day before you or the Manager know what the price at the end of the day will be. The price and therefore the number of units involved in the transaction are only known on the following day. The unit trust fund may borrow up to 10% of the fund value, and it may also lend any scrip (groof of ownership of an investment instrument) that it holds to earn additional income. A M&G unit trust fund may consist of different fund calses that are subject to different fees and charges. Where applicable, the Manager will payyour financial adviser an agreed standard ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees, is available on our website. One can also obtain additional information on M&G products on the M&G website. The Fund may hold foreign securities including foreign CIS funds. As a result, the fund may be higher and the liquidity of the fund may be differed for multiple reasons including market conditions, macro-economic and political circumstances. Further, the return on the security may be affected (positively or negatively) by the difference in tax regimes betwent the domestic and foreign tax jurisdictions. The availability of market information and information on any underlying sub-funds may be delayed. The