

M&G Dividend Maximiser Fund

July 2025

Since inception cumulative performance, distributions reinvested (A class)



Annualised performance	A class	Benchmark	T class	B class	F class
1 year	24.7%	17.6%	24.8%	25.2%	25.1%
3 years	14.9%	13.4%	15.4%	15.3%	15.8%
5 years	17.1%	14.1%	17.6%	17.5%	17.9%
7 years	11.2%	9.2%	11.7%	11.6%	12.0%
10 years	9.5%	7.3%	10.0%	9.9%	-
20 years	13.4%	10.6%	-	-	-
Since inception	15.7%	12.8%	-	-	_

Returns since inception ¹	A class	Date	
Highest annualised return	63.1%	31 Jul 2005	
Lowest annualised return	-22.3%	28 Feb 2009	

Top 10 holdings as at 30 Jun 2025

1.	Naspers Ltd/Prosus NV	11.9%
2.	Firstrand Ltd	4.6%
3.	Absa Group Ltd	4.0%
4.	MTN Group Ltd	3.9%
5.	Standard Bank Group Ltd	3.6%
6.	AngloGold Ashanti Plc	3.3%
7.	Bid Corporation Ltd	2.8%
8.	Pepkor Holdings Ltd	2.7%
9.	British American Tobacco Plc	2.6%
10.	Investec	2.5%

Risk measures	A class	Benchmark
Monthly volatility (annualised)	13.9%	14.2%
Maximum drawdown over any period	-25.3%	-35.7%
% of positive rolling 12 months	85.3%	83.7%
Information ratio	0.4	n/a
Sortino ratio	1.2	0.9
Sharpe ratio	0.7	0.5

Asset allocation as at 31 Jul 2025



Sector exposure

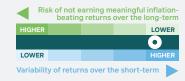


Investment options	A Class	T Class	I Class	B Class	F Class
Minimum lump sum investment	R10 000	R10 000	R10 000	R20 million	R20 million
Minimum monthly debit order	R500 pm	R500 pm	R500 pm	n/a	n/a
Annual Management Fees (excl. VAT)	A Class	T Class	I Class	B Class	F Class
M&G (base fee) ²	1.00%	1.25%	1.25%	0.65%	1.00%
M&G (performance fee sharing rate)	20.00%	n/a	20.00%	20.00%	n/a
M&G (maximum total fee)	2.25%	n/a	2.50%	1.90%	n/a
Financial adviser service fee (if applicable) ³	n/a	n/a	0.50%	n/a	n/a
Expenses (incl. VAT)	A Class	T Class	I Class	B Class	F Class
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	2.05%	1.61%	2.26%	1.73%	1.32%
Performance fee (Included in TER above)	0.73%	0.00%	0.65%	0.81%	0.00%
Transaction Costs (TC) ⁴	0.17%	0.17%	0.17%	0.17%	0.17%
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	2.22%	1.78%	2.43%	1.90%	1.49%

M&G (South Africa) Global Funds.

3 The Financial Adviser Service Fee, if applicable, is included in M&G's applia ³ The Financial Adviser Service Fee, if applicable, is included in M&G's annual management fee above. An Ongoing Adviser Fee, over and above the Financial Adviser Service Fee, may be negotiated between the Investor and Financial Adviser. Should you agree to an Ongoing Adviser Fee, it will be paid via the regular repurchase of units.
⁴ Where a transaction cost is not readily available, a reasonable best estimate has been used. Estimated transaction costs may include Bond, Money Market, and FX costs (where applicable)

Risk profile



Fund facts

Fund objective

To provide broad-based exposure to shares that offer value and mediumto long-term growth. The portfolio managers seek to invest in companies where returns can be achieved from any or all of growth in earnings, growth in dividends and a re-rating of its share price; however, there will be a bias towards companies offering high but sustainable dividend yields.

Investor profile

Investors with a higher risk tolerance looking for out-performance of the average SA General Equity Fund without taking on greater risk of loss. The recommended investment horizon is 7 years or longer.

Investment mandate

The Fund invests in companies that meet the portfolio managers' value criteria The Fund will have a bias towards investment in companies offering high, sustainable dividend yields; however, it is not restricted from investing in companies offering earnings growth or possible market re-rating. The intended maximum limits are Equity 100%, Property 10% and Foreign 45%.

Fund managers

Ross Biggs Kaitlin Byrne

ASISA category

South African - Equity - General

Benchmark

ASISA South African - Equity - General Category Average

Inception date

2 August 1999

Fund size

R4 850 932 933

Awards

Raging Bull: 2006, 2008

Morningstar/Standard & Poor's: 2007, 2009

M&G Dividend Maximiser Fund Sources: M&G and Morningstar

¹12-month rolling performance figure
² A 0.25% p.a. fee discount will be effected on the base annual management fee of the A and B classes, should net performance fall below the benchmark over a rolling five-year period. The Fund can invest portions of its assets into underlying foreign investments (incl. investments into Africa). This would mainly be achieved by investing into the sub-funds of the M&G (South Africa) Global Funds ICAV and the M&G Africa Equity Fund. These funds will charge an additional asset management fee which is included in the Fund's NAV and the Fund's TER. The Manager processing a marketing and distribution for its process of the the Fund's TER. The Manager receives a marketing and distribution fee in respect of the



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M&G Dividend Maximiser Fund

Equity July 2025

Income Distributions ⁵	A Class	T Class	B Class	F Class
	Total 12m yield	Total 12m yield	Total 12m yield	Total 12m yield
30 June 2025	21.50 cpu 1.61%	23.71 cpu 1.72%	25.56 cpu 1.87%	26.90 cpu 1.96%
31 December 2024	23.31 cpu 1.84%	21.41 cpu 2.38%	26.65 cpu 2.10%	24.44 cpu 2.63%

Fund commentary

Global equity markets posted strong gains in July, driven by a resurgent US, as the second quarter company earnings season got off to a solid start and a number of trade deals came through. The US dollar staged an impressive rebound in the month, as tariff announcements and trade deals continued to dominate headlines. Meanwhile, developed market government bonds came under pressure in July. In the US, decent economic data, persistent inflation (the US Federal Reserve's preferred core PCE release for June came in at +0.3% month-onmonth), and a hawkish tone from the Fed, put pressure on yields. The FOMC's end-of-month rate announcement saw the Fed holding rates steady, in line with market expectations. However, two governors voted for a rate cut marking the first "dual dissent" in over 30 years. Fed Chair Jerome Powell's stance on interest rates faced renewed scrutiny amid speculation that the president might dismiss him. Other major central banks, including the Bank of Japan and the European Central Bank, also kept rates unchanged, as widely anticipated. US consumer price inflation rose 2.7% year-on-year in June versus 2.4% y/y in May, with some market commentators saying this could be the start of tariff-induced price increases. In the UK, the FTSE 100 hit a record high in July and is up over 20% this year (in US\$). UK CPI rose to 4.1% y/y in June, up slightly from 4.0% in May. Turning to the Eurozone, the US-EU trade agreement reached late in July introduced a 15% tariff cap on EU goods, removing fears of steeper tariff escalation and triggering a rebound across European equity markets.

Chinese equities rallied in July, fuelled by a rebound in tech and EV names, better-than-expected macro data, and renewed investor confidence. In Japan, the US-Japan trade deal lifted sentiment. Tarifs on Japanese auto imports were reduced from 25% to 15%, accompanied by \$550 billion in Japanese investment into the US. On the local front, President Ramaphosa placed Police Minister Senzo Mchunu on special leave following allegations of links to organised crime made by KZN provincial police commissioner Nhlanhla Mkhwanazi. The incident drew widespread commentary from both within and outside the GNU. The South African Reserve Bank (SARB) announced a 25 bps interest rate cut, as expected. More significantly, Governor Lesetja Kganyago revealed that the SARB would begin targeting the lower bound of its 3–6% inflation range. He clarified that the target range itself would remain unchanged, and any formal adjustment would fall under the Finance Minister's purview but that the bank aims to anchor expectations closer to 3%. The FTSE/JSE All Share Index returned 2.3% in July, with all major sectors in the black. Resources returned 5.1%, Listed Property 4.4%, Financials 1.2% and Industrials 1.2%. Looking at global equity market returns (in US\$), emerging markets outperformed developed markets, with the MSCI Emerging Markets Index returning 1.9% and the MSCI World Index delivering 1.3%. The rand weakened 1.8% against the US dollar, but strengthened 0.8% against the euro and 1.7% against the pound sterling.

Among the largest contributors to relative performance for the month was an overweight position in MTN Group, and underweight positions in Mondi and Shoprite. Relative detractors included overweight positions in AB Inbev and Metrofile, and an underweight position in Sasol.

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12-month yield	A measure of the Fund's income distributions as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV). This is calculated by summing the income distributions over a rolling 12-month period, then dividing by the sum of the NAV at the end of the period and any capital gains distributed over the same period.
Annualised performance	The average amount of money (total return) earned by an investment each year over a given time period. For periods longer than one year, total returns are expressed as compounded average returns on a yearly basis.
Compliance monitoring	We use the FTSE/JSE All Share Index for monitoring the Fund's compliance with the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act (CISCA). This is in line with the benchmark index as prescribed for the SA-Equity-General category as per the ASISA fund classification standards.
Cumulative performance graph	This illustrates how an initial investment of R100 or N\$100 (for example) placed into the Fund would change over time, taking ongoing fees into account, with all distributions reinvested.
Income distribution	The dividend income and/or interest income that is generated by the underlying Fund investments and that is periodically declared and distributed to investors in the Fund after all annual service fees.
Information ratio	Measures the Fund's active return (Fund return in excess of the benchmark) divided by the amount of risk that the manager takes relative to the benchmark. The higher the information ratio, the higher the active return of the Fund, given the amount of risk taken and the more consistent the manager. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Intended maximum limits	This indicates the Fund's intended maximum exposure to an asset class. These limits may be reviewed subject to the Fund's Supplemental Deed and/or Regulation 28 for those Funds managed in accordance with Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act.
Maximum drawdown	The largest drop in the Fund's cumulative total return from peak to trough over any period.
Monthly volatility (annualised)	Also known as standard deviation. This measures the amount of variation or difference in the monthly returns on an investment. The larger the annualised monthly volatility, the more the monthly returns are likely to vary from the average monthly return (i.e. the more volatile the investment).
Percentage of positive rolling 12 months	The percentage of months, since inception, that the Fund has shown a positive return over a rolling 12-month period.
Performance fee	The performance fee is based on 20% of the Fund's outperformance of its benchmark, measured over a rolling 36-month basis. The performance fee will be capped at 1.25% for any rolling 12-month period. For more information, please visit: https://www.mandg.co.za/media/34248/performance-fees.pdf.
Sector holdings	A breakdown of the Fund's equity holdings, grouped per industry sector. This is inclusive of both local and foreign equities.
Sharpe ratio	The Sharpe ratio is used to measure how well the return of an asset compensates the investor for the risk taken. The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the Fund's historical risk-adjusted performance has been. This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the standard deviation of the Fund's returns. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Sortino ratio	This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the downside deviation of the Fund's returns i.e. the "bad" volatility. A high Sortino ratio indicates a low risk of large losses occurring in the Fund. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	This shows the charges, levies and fees relating to the management of the portfolio and is expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of the most recent completed quarter. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs.
Transaction Costs (TC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs, relating to the investment of the Fund. As fund returns are reported after deducting all fees and expenses, these costs (the TER, TC & TIC) should not be deducted from the fund returns.
Unit Classes	M&G's funds are offered in different unit classes to allow different types of investors (individuals and institutions) to invest in the same fund. Different investment minimums and fees apply to different unit classes. A Class: for individuals only. B & D Class: retirement funds and other large institutional investors only. X Class: the special fee class that was made available to investors that were invested in the Dividend Income Feeder Fund. T Class: for investors in tax-free unit trusts.

⁵ If the income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds the total expenses, the Fund will make a distribution (cpu = cents per unit).

F Class: for Discretionary Fund Managers

Contact us

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Invest now

Application forms

An electronic copy of this document is available at www.mandg.co.za

Disclaimer

MandG Investments Unit Trusts (South Africa) (RF) Ltd (Registration number: 1999/0524/06) is an approved CISCA management company (#29). Assets are managed by MandG Investment Managers (Pty) Ltd, which is an approved discretionary Financial Services Provider (#45199). The Trustee's/Custodian details are: Standard Bank of South Africa limited - Trustees Services & investor Services. 20th Floor, Main Tower, Standard Bank Centre, Heerengracht, Cape Town.

Collective Investment Schemes (unit trusts) are generally medium-to long-term investments. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future investment performance. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis. This means the price is the total net market value of all assets of the unit trust fund divided by the total number of units of the fund. Any market movements – for example in share prices, bond prices, money market prices or currency fluctuations – relevant to the underlying assets of the fund may cause the value of the underlying assets to go up or down. As a result, the price of your units may go up or down. Unit trusts are traded at the ruling forward price of the day, meaning that transactions are processed during the day before you or the Manager know what the price at the end of the day will be. The price and therefore the number of units involved in the transaction are only known on the following day. The unit trust fund may borrow up to 10% of the fund value, and it may also lend any scrip (proof of ownership of an investment instrument) that it holds to earn additional income. A M&G unit trust fund may consist of different fund classes that are subject to different fees and charges. Where applicable, the Manager will pay your financial adviser an agreed standard ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. As a result, the fund may hace material risks. The volatility of the hund may be higher and the liquidity of the underlying securities may be restricted due to relative market sizes and market conditions. The fund's ability to settle securities and to repatriate investment income, capital or the proceeds of sales of securities may be adversely affected for multiple reasons including market conditions, macro-economic and political circumstances. Purchase and repurchase as to the capital investment to the fund or the

M&G Dividend Maximiser Fund Sources: M&G and Morningstar