

# **Fairtree SA Equity Prescient Fund**

Minimum Disclosure Document - Class A1

30 April 2025

#### **Investment Objective**

The Fairtree SA Equity Prescient Fund is an actively managed domestic general equity fund with a focus on maximizing total returns for the client. The Fund's objective is to offer medium to long-term capital growth. The Fund aims to actively invest in equities with a level of capital appreciation and income potential and to outperform its benchmark, the FTSE/JSE Capped Shareholder Weighted All Share Total Return Index (CAPPED SWIX) over the long term.

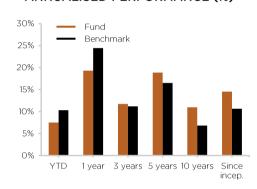
#### **Investment Policy**

The portfolio has a long-term focus and invests in securities across all sectors of the JSE Securities Exchange which trade below intrinsic value or have capital appreciation potential.

#### **RISK INDICATOR**



### **ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)**



Source: Performance calculated by Prescient Fund Services verified by the FSP Date: 30 April 2025

# ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)

	Fund	Benchmark
1 year	19.30	24.44
3 years	11.73	11.19
5 years	18.87	16.52
10 years	10.98	6.82
Since incep.	14.54	10.63
Highest rolling 1 year	101.47	54.24
Lowest rolling 1 year	-23.82	-24.53

All performance figures are net of fees

### **CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE**



# **RISK AND FUND STATS**

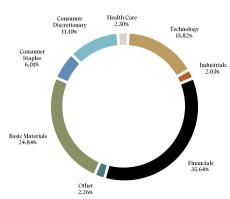
Since inception (p.a.)	Fund	Benchmark		
Alpha	3.91%			
Sharpe Ratio	0.51	0.36		
Sortino Ratio	0.93			
Information Ratio	0.53			
Standard Deviation	16.80%	13.02%		
Max Drawdown	-31.45%	-30.19%		
Max Gain	29.24%	14.18%		
% Positive Months	58.64%	62.35%		

Benchmark risk statistics for funds with intra-month inceptions dates are calculated using the monthly return series.

#### **ASSET ALLOCATION (%)**

	S.A	Foreign	Total
Equity	96.72	0.00	96.72
Cash	1.92	0.00	1.92
Property	1.27	0.00	1.27
Commodity	0.09	0.00	0.09
Total	100.00	0.00	100.00

#### **EQUITY SECTOR EXPOSURE**



#### **FUND INFORMATION**

#### Fund Manager:

Cor Booysen, Deon Botha, Donald Curtavne

#### Fund Classification:

South African - Equity - SA General

#### Benchmark:

FTSE/JSE Capped SWIX All Share Total Return

## JSE Code:

FECA1

#### ISIN Number:

ZAE000161402

#### **Regulation 28 Compliant:**

N/A

#### **Fund Size:**

R30.1 bn

## No of Units:

73.666.884

#### **Unit Price:**

502.02

#### **Inception Date:**

November 2011

#### **Minimum Investment:**

R50 000 lump-sum R1 000 per month

#### Initial Fee:

0.00%

## **Annual Management Fee:**

1.00% (excl. VAT)

## Performance Fee:

15% outperformance over Capped SWIX with a 1 year rolling highwater mark. Capped at 1.47% (excl VAT).

#### Fee Class:

Α1

#### Fee Breakdown:

Management Fee	1.00%		
Performance Fees	0.00%		
Other Fees*	0.18%		
Total Expense Ratio	1.18%		
Transaction Costs	0.37%		
Total Investment Charge	1.55%		

\*Other fees includes underlying fee (where applicable): Audit Fees, Custody Fees, Trustee Fees and VAT

\*TIC Fees are calculated in respect of 12 months ending before 31 December 2024

\* The fund's name changed from Fairtree Equity Prescient Fund to Fairtree SA Equity Prescient Fund effective 01 April 2025.

# Income Distribution:

31 March 2025 - 9.63 cpu

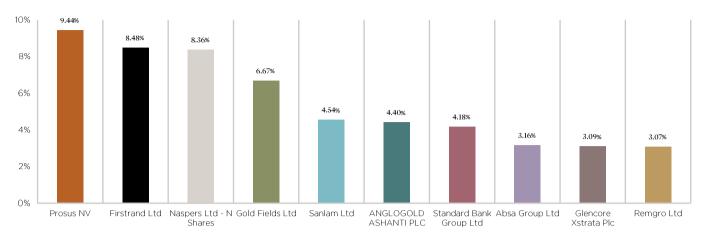


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#### TOP 10 SA EQUITY HOLDINGS (AS AT 31 JANUARY 2025)



#### **FUND MONTHLY RETURNS**

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	YTD
2011											0.97%	-0.11%	0.86%
2012	5.88%	3.21%	-1.71%	2.55%	-2.98%	1.18%	3.65%	1.93%	0.47%	6.06%	3.06%	3.49%	29.84%
2013	2.02%	-1.97%	1.73%	-0.47%	6.41%	-4.71%	4.63%	2.92%	5.91%	4.66%	-1.41%	2.47%	23.81%
2014	-2.33%	5.50%	3.36%	0.85%	2.60%	1.94%	1.57%	-0.01%	-2.59%	3.24%	2.92%	0.13%	18.24%
2015	5.24%	3.70%	1.12%	4.19%	-3.93%	0.32%	-0.32%	-3.61%	-3.86%	8.96%	-1.42%	-3.05%	6.60%
2016	-1.23%	2.84%	8.54%	1.00%	-0.37%	-1.25%	4.49%	-1.77%	-0.12%	-3.63%	-0.11%	-0.18%	7.94%
2017	5.56%	-3.61%	2.27%	2.98%	-2.54%	-3.76%	6.97%	3.50%	-1.94%	7.27%	2.51%	-0.24%	19.71%
2018	0.38%	-2.89%	-6.34%	5.79%	-3.49%	2.14%	0.81%	4.78%	-2.76%	-5.13%	-3.08%	4.80%	-5.77%
2019	3.33%	3.99%	0.02%	2.33%	-6.11%	6.47%	-1.99%	-0.82%	-0.67%	6.82%	-2.26%	7.77%	19.43%
2020	-2.52%	-9.00%	-22.72%	29.24%	0.75%	7.95%	11.97%	0.02%	-2.64%	-2.28%	7.34%	8.71%	19.81%
2021	3.06%	5.43%	6.09%	-0.85%	3.44%	-5.12%	4.82%	-2.08%	-6.81%	5.87%	0.95%	4.04%	19.31%
2022	1.48%	6.12%	-0.18%	-1.91%	-0.45%	-4.87%	2.41%	-1.36%	-3.02%	3.66%	13.95%	-1.66%	13.64%
2023	7.00%	-6.05%	1.58%	3.31%	-4.66%	0.39%	4.25%	-5.02%	-1.23%	-2.28%	8.66%	-0.76%	4.05%
2024	-2.72%	-2.98%	4.79%	5.40%	1.85%	2.79%	3.12%	1.08%	5.53%	-0.66%	-1.91%	-1.10%	15.70%
2025	0.64%	1.11%	2.57%	3.00%									7.50%

#### MARKET COMMENTARY

The FTSE/JSE All Share Index (ALSI) increased by 4.3% in April 2025. The FTSE/JSE Shareholder Weighted Index (SWIX) also increased by 4.3%, and the FTSE/JSE Capped Shareholder Weighted Index (Capped SWIX) increased by 4.2%. The rand weakened by 1.5% during the month. Financials, Resources and Industrials increased by 4.6%, 2.1% and 5.0%, respectively.

During April, bonds increased by 0.8%, and cash returned 0.6%. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index increased by 1.3% (USD), outperforming the MSCI World Index, which increased by 0.9% (USD). The MSCI South Africa Index increased by 3.7% (USD). Over April, iron ore fines decreased by 1.1% to US\$94.3/t, and thermal coal decreased by 3.9% to US\$88.5/t. Brent crude oil decreased by 17.5%, closing the month at US\$61.1/bbl. Gold was up by 5.3% to US\$3288.7/oz, and platinum decreased by 2.8% to US\$970/oz. Palladium decreased by 4.7% to US\$944.3/oz.

April was dominated by heightened global market volatility following aggressive US trade policy. President Trump's imposition of sweeping tariffs on all US imports, including a full suite of new measures targeting over 60 countries, reverberated across global markets. Although the market anticipated tariffs, the scale of the tariffs was far broader than expected, particularly the restrictions targeting Chinese goods. This escalation effectively curtailed bilateral trade with China, raising fears of stagflation as inflation expectations rose and global economic growth expectations slowed. Coupled with fears of the possible removal of Fed Chair Jerome Powell, several daily trading sessions have witnessed the unusual spectre of simultaneous selloffs in the S&P500. Treasuries and the US dollar.

Gold continued to be a key contributor to performance during the month as it outperformed on safe-haven demand, while US equities initially sold off before rebounding sharply after a temporary tariff pause was announced for all countries except China. China retaliated with diplomatic and trade-related countermeasures and attempted to galvanise support from other nations. The strained US-China relationship weighed on Chinese growth expectations and commodity demand. The ripple effects were felt globally, with industrial metals under pressure and oil prices weakening on OPEC+ supply signals and deteriorating global demand expectations.

In South Africa, the fiscal budget failed to reach a consensus due to a contentious increase in VAT and was delayed, adding pressure to the GNU coalition. The Minister of Finance will table Budget 3.0 on 21 May in a third attempt to get one passed, alongside updated macroeconomic forecasts. The proposed 0.5% VAT increases for both 2025 and 2026 have been scrapped. Scrapping the VAT increase necessitates a reduction in spending to maintain a neutral impact on the budget deficit. The focus will be on where spending will be lowered and the ability of the GNU to demonstrate its priorities and to reach a consensus. Stock-specific news flow included the issue of a profit warning from Aspen due to the loss of a key contract in its manufacturing division. Management flagged a potential c.50% decline in EBITDA for the division, with a material impairment likely.

The VIX Index (volatility or "fear" index) increased by 10.9% during the month.

The Fund's performance was positively impacted by positions in Naspers (8.28%), Anglo Gold (13.00%), Capitec (10.94%) and Sanlam (8.00%), while Sasol (-16.14%), Impala (-11.95%), Glencore (-10.30%), and Aspen (-25.64%) detracted from performance. The Fund invests in several focused strategies. The Fund maintains overweight positions in cyclical (diversified mining) and defensive (gold mining, global industrials) strategies, and we prefer higher-quality names over lower-quality ones (local consumer discretionary, financials).



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Annualised Performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1 year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual Annualised Performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a ryear period. Annualised portion annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest & Lowest Performance: The highest and lowest performance for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV: The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities

Current Yield: Annual income (interest or dividends) divided by the current price of the security

Alpha: Denotes the outperformance of the fund over the benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio: The Sharpe ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund

Sortino Ratio: A measure of the risk-adjusted return of a portfolio. It is a modification of the Sharpe ratio but only penalises the returns falling below a user specified target, or required rate of return, while the Sharpe ratio penalises both upside and downside volatility equally.

Standard Deviation: The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

Max Drawdown: The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception

Max Gain: Largest increase in any single month.

% Positive Month: The percentage of months since inception where the Fund has delivered positive return

High Water Mark: The highest level of performance achieved over a specified period.

Performance Fee Cap: The maximum performance fee that can be charged over a specified period

Total Expense Ratio (TER%): The Total Expense Ratio (TER) is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as expenses relating to the administration of the

Performance fee incl. in TER (%) PF (%): The Performance Fee is a payment made to the Fund Manager for generating outperformance and is generally calculated as percentage of outperformance, often both realized and unrealized.

Transaction Costs (TC%): The Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the net asset value of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the assets underlying

The Financial Product.

Total Investment Charges TIC (%) = TER (%) + TC (%):The Total Investment Charges (TIC), the TER + the TC, is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product. It should be noted that a TIC is the sum of two calculated ratios (TER+TC).

#### Specific Risk

Default Risk: The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss

Derivatives Risk: The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses

Developing Market (excluding SA) Risk: Some of the countries invested in may have less developed legal, political, economic and/or other systems. These markets carry a higher risk of financial

Foreign Investment Risk: Foreign securities investments may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic,

political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations.

Interest Rate Risk: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation

\*\*Norporty Risk: Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

\*\*Currency Exchange Risk: Changes in the relative values of individual currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

Geographic / Sector Risk: For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

Derivative Counterparty Risk: A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss Liquidity Risk: If there are insufficient buyers or sellers of particular investments, the result may lead to delays in trading and being able to make settlements, and/or large fluctuations in value. This

may lead to larger financial losses than expected. **Equity Investment Risk:** Value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

The portfolio has adhered to its object and there were no material changes to the composition of the portfolio during the quarter.

The Portfolio is more diversified than the benchmark, thus holding smaller positions in the largest capitalisation stocks than the benchmark. This comes with the risk of more volatile relative returns to the broader market when the largest stocks in the benchmark outperform. We believe however that this strategy of holding a more diversified portfolio results in lower single stock risk, and whilst there may be periods of underperformance when the large cap stocks rally, we firmly believe in efficient risk management on an absolute basis. The strategy is also exposed to various factors driving investment performance, for example Value and Momentum, and these factors may also experience periods of relative underperformance. Global research has shown however, that consistent long term exposure to these factors lead to investment reward. This portfolio is permitted to invest in foreign securities which may have additional risks (FX Movements for example). However, the portfolio does not currently hold any foreign securities and the manager does not intend on exposing the portfolio to any foreign securities going forward.

#### Disclaimer

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate.

CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third party named portfolio. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macro economic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 13:00 (SA), to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut off time Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. Funds are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

This portfolio operates as a white label fund under the Prescient Unit Trust Scheme, which is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

For any additional information such as fund prices, brochures and application forms please go to www.fairtree.com

Management Company: Prescient Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd., Registration number: 2002/022560/07 Physical address: Prescient House, Westlake Business Park, Otto Close, Westlake, 7945 Postal address: PO Box 31142, Tokai, 7966 Telephone number: 0800 111 899 E-mail: info@prescient.co.za Website: www.prescient.co.za

Trustee: Nedbank Investor Services, Physical address: 2nd Floor, 16 Constantia Boulevard, Constantia Kloof, Roodepoort, 1709 Telephone number: +27 11 534 6557 Website: www.nedbank.co.za

The Management Company and Trustee are registered and approved under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act (No.45 of 2002). Prescient is a member of the Association for Savings and

Investment Manager: Fairtree Asset Management (Pty) Ltd, Registration number: 2004/033269/07 is an authorised Financial Services Provider (25917) under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002), to act in the capacity as investment manager. This information is not advice, as defined in the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002). Please be advised that there may be representatives acting under supervision. Physical address: Willowbridge Place, Cnr. Carl Cronje and Old Oak Road, Bellville, 7530 Postal address: PO Box 4124, Tygervalley, 7536 Telephone number: +27 86 176 0760 Website: www.fairtree.com

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